

HC-search for Incremental Parsing

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Standard Incremental Parsing

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Standard Incremental Parsing

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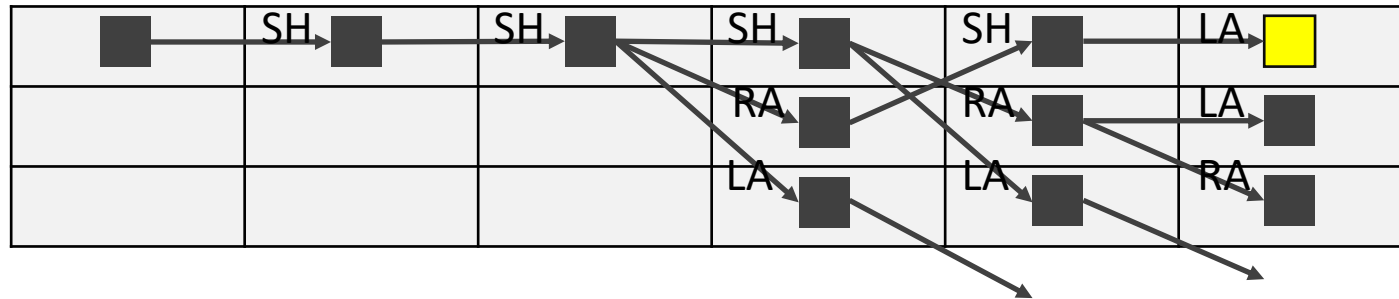


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Standard Incremental Parsing

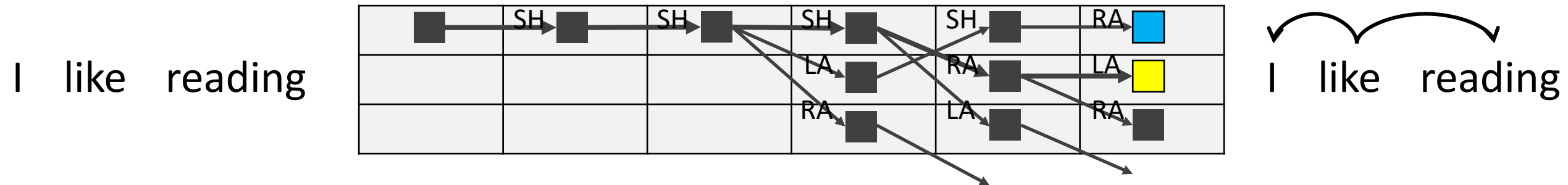
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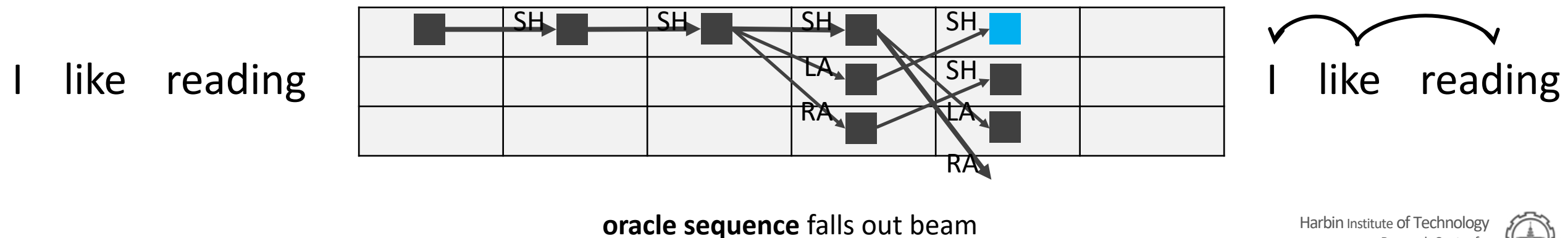
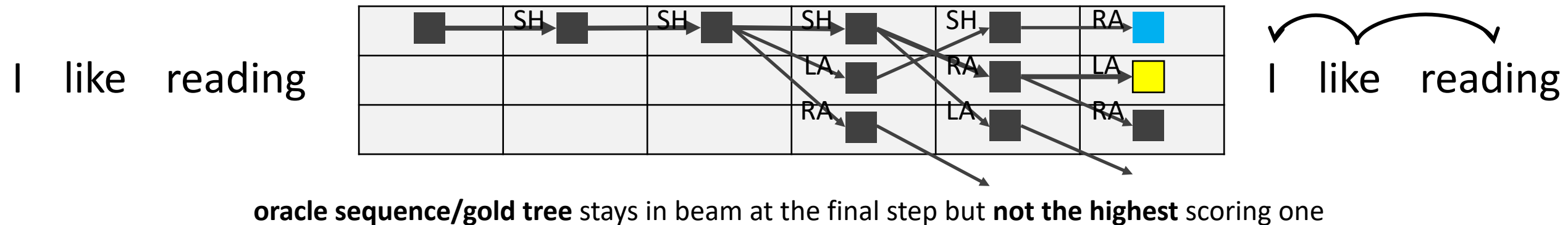


Learning in Standard Incremental Parsing



- Goal: learning a function S to give *oracle sequence* highest score
- Typical learning scheme:
 - do beam search on input
 - if an error is made (*highest sequence* \neq *oracle sequence*):
 - increase weight for oracle sequence
 - decrease weight for highest sequence

Two types of Errors in Learning Standard Incremental Parsing

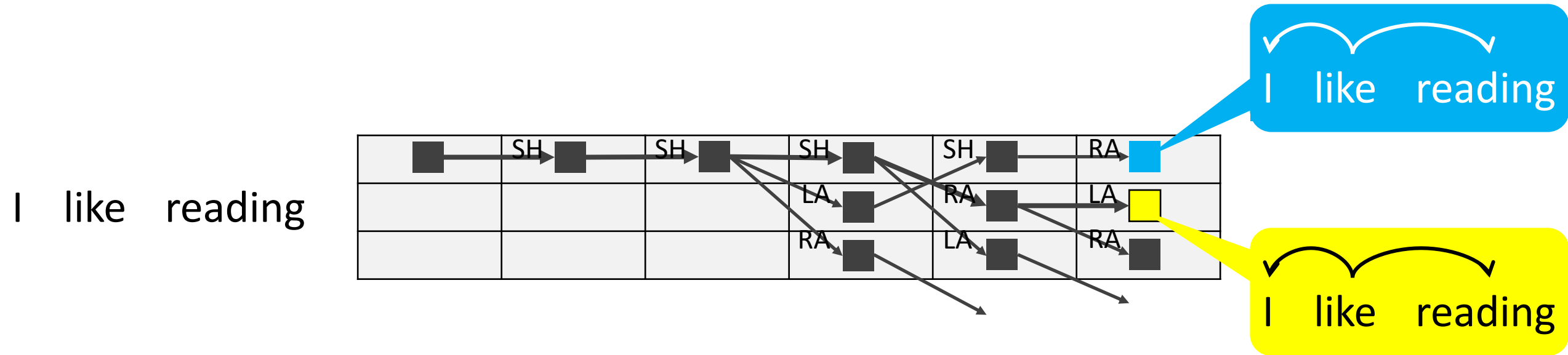


Two types of Errors in Learning Standard Incremental Parsing

- a function S services a dual-role:
 - scoring *gold tree* highest (reduce first type errors)
 - keeping *gold tree* in beam (reduce second type errors)

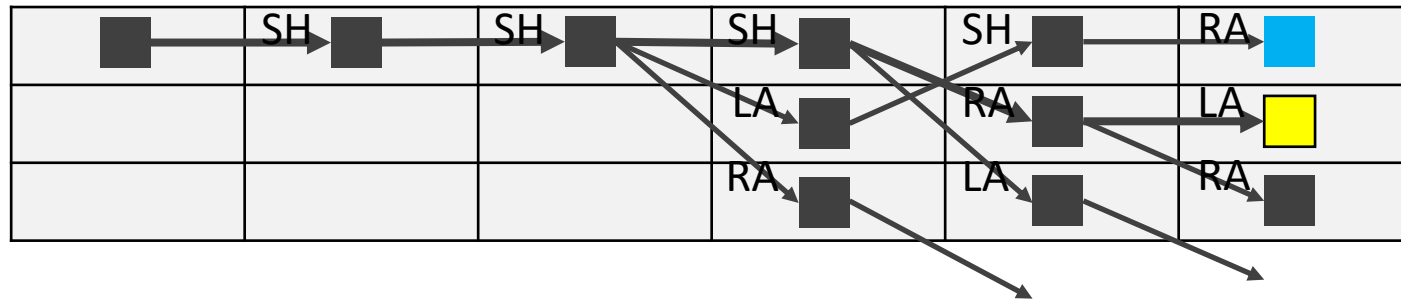


Ambiguous in Transition System

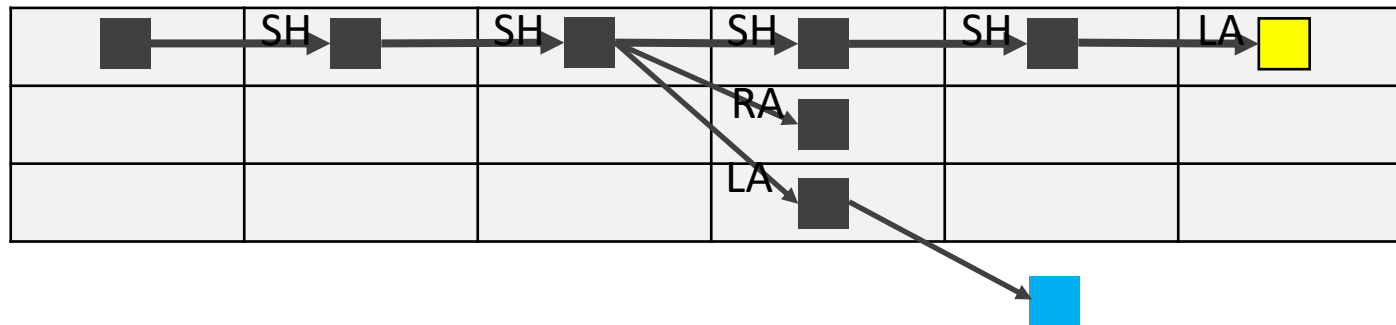


- decreasing weight for **highest sequence** results in wrong punishment
- single function S serves the dual-role can be problematic
 - due to two roles conflict sometimes

Ambiguous in Transition System



after updates



\mathcal{HC} -search Framework

- Doppa et al., 2014:
 - structure prediction error is decomposed into two parts
 - \mathcal{H} euristic part: the gold structure not included in the set of outputs
 - \mathcal{C} ost part: the gold structure not ranked as the highest output

$$\mathcal{E}_{\mathcal{HC}} = \underbrace{L(x, y_{\mathcal{H}}^*, y^*)}_{\epsilon_{\mathcal{H}}} + \underbrace{L(x, \hat{y}, y^*) - L(x, y_{\mathcal{H}}^*, y^*)}_{\epsilon_{\mathcal{C}|\mathcal{H}}},$$



Our method

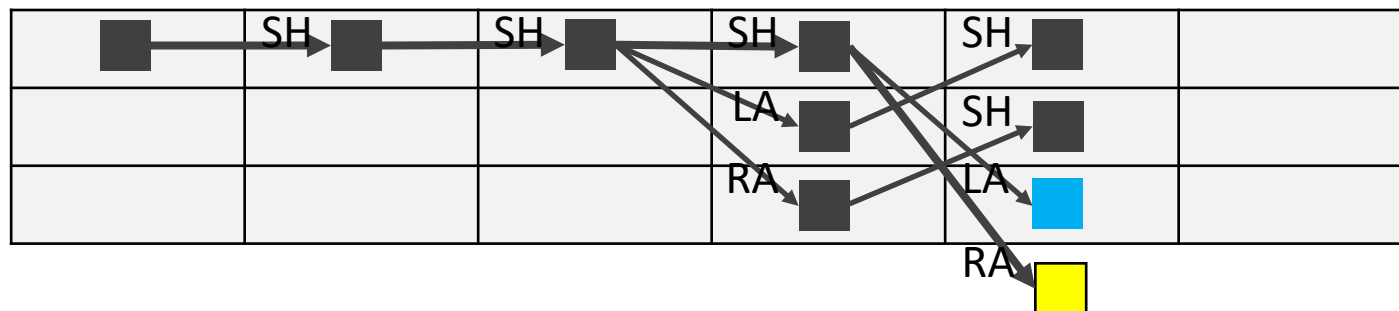
- Decompose \mathcal{S} into two functions \mathcal{H} and \mathcal{C}
 - Goal of \mathcal{H} : include gold tree in the output
 - Goal of \mathcal{C} : rank the gold tree highest
- Mitigating the ambiguous problem
 - \mathcal{H} not necessarily rank oracle sequence highest



Our method

- \mathcal{H} -step learning scheme
 - do beam search on input
 - if **oracle sequence** falls out beam:
 - increase weight for oracle sequence
 - pick a sequence from beam and decrease its weight
 - We tried pick the BEST scored and WORST scored

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Our method

- \mathcal{C} -step learning scheme
 - a typical ranking problem
 - employing a evaluation function on the set of outputs
 - COARSE grain ranking:
 - rank the best outputs higher than the rest
 - FINE grain ranking:
 - rank the better outputs higher



Experiment

- On PTB and CTB5, beam = 64

Parser	PTB			CTB5		
	Dev	Test	SPD	Dev	Test	SPD
BASELINE	92.95	92.48	1x	86.76	86.44	1x

BASELINE+FINE	93.06	92.53 (+0.05)		87.07	86.70 (+0.26)	
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Experiment

- On PTB and CTB5, beam = 64

Parser	PTB			CTB5		
	Dev	Test	SPD	Dev	Test	SPD
BASELINE	92.95	92.48	1x	86.76	86.44	1x
BEST+FINE	93.13	92.76 (+0.28)	1.25x	87.25	87.04 (+0.60)	1.08x
BEST+COARSE	92.94	92.44 (-0.04)	1.30x	86.61	86.51 (+0.07)	1.07x
WORST+FINE	93.12	92.73 (+0.25)	1.33x	87.27	87.15 (+0.71)	1.22x
WORST+COARSE	92.89	92.47 (-0.01)	1.30x	86.95	86.82 (+0.38)	1.20x
BASELINE+FINE	93.06	92.53 (+0.05)		87.07	86.70 (+0.26)	



Error Decomposition Analysis

Parser	PTB			CTB5		
	$\epsilon_{\mathcal{H}}$	$\epsilon_{C \mathcal{H}}$	$\mathcal{E}_{\mathcal{H}C}$	$\epsilon_{\mathcal{H}}$	$\epsilon_{C \mathcal{H}}$	$\mathcal{E}_{\mathcal{H}C}$
BEST+FINE	3.69	3.90	6.87	8.77	5.72	12.75
BEST+COARSE		4.14	7.06		6.93	13.39
WORST+FINE	3.05	4.62	6.88	7.75	7.33	12.73
WORST+COARSE		5.09	7.11		7.58	13.05
BASELINE+FINE	3.70	4.10	6.94	8.81	6.27	12.93

- Relaxed \mathcal{H} -step learning objective
 - recall more high-quality output
 - increase difficulty of ranking



Conclusion

- We decompose incremental parsing loss based on the HC-search.
- We propose the relaxed H-step learning objective that recalls more high-quality outputs
- We found fine-grained ranking is more suitable for ranking in parsing
- Code can be found at: <https://github.com/ExpResults/hc-incremental-parsing>



Thanks and Questions!

